## **Important Matters on Presenting Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

Matters Related to Accounting Procedure Standards

## 1) Valuation Standards and Methods for Securities Other Securities

• Securities with available fair market values:

Primarily, stated at fair market value based on average of market price during the last month of the interim period (valuation differences are disposed using the direct net assets adjustment method and the cost of securities sold is calculated using the average cost method).

• Securities with no available fair market value: Primarily, stated at average cost.

#### 2) Valuation Standards and Methods for Inventories

• Finished products:

For Sharp Corporation and domestic consolidated subsidiaries, primarily, stated at the lower of moving average cost or market.

For overseas consolidated subsidiaries, primarily, stated at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market.

Work in Process and raw materials:
Primarily, stated at the current production and purchase costs.

### 3) Depreciation Methods Used for Tangible Fixed Assets

For Sharp Corporation and domestic consolidated subsidiaries, depreciation is based primarily on the declining-balance method. (Except for machinery and equipment in the Mie and Kameyama Plants, which are depreciated on the straight line method.)

Note that overseas consolidated subsidiaries primarily use the straight line method.

# 4) Method for Appropriation for Accrued Bonuses

The reserve for payment of employee bonuses is set aside based on estimated amounts to be paid in the subsequent period.

5) Method for Appropriation for Severance and Pension Benefits

To provide for employees' severance and pension benefits, reserves are set aside based on the estimated amounts of projected benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets at the end of the current consolidated fiscal year.

Further, net transition obligation is being amortized in equal amounts over 7 years.

Prior service costs are amortized over the average of the estimated remaining service lives (16 years).

Actuarial losses are recognized primarily in expenses over the average of estimated remaining services lives (16 years) commencing with the following period.

6) Accounting for Consumption Taxes, etc.

The tax exclusion method is applied.

## 7) Adaptation of Consolidated Tax Return System

The consolidated tax return system is adapted.

### **Changes in Accounting Methods**

Previously, a royalty and technical assistance fee were included in "Other income," and the cost of the royalty and technical assistance fee was calculated in "Other expenses." Starting from this period, however, these are included in "Net sales" and "Cost of sales," respectively. This change was made to provide a more rational indication of the income classifications, since the income arises from main business activities carried out by Sharp.

With this change, for the six months ended September 30, 2006, net sales are up 8,245 million yen, cost of sales is up 2,251 million yen, and operating income is up 5,994 million yen, comparing to the previous classification. However, these have no impact on income before income taxes and minority interests. For the impact that these changes had on segment information, please refer to "Segment Information."

## **Subsequent Events**

Sharp Corporation resolved the 20<sup>th</sup> unsecured convertible bond issue with attached warrants that was decided at the Board of Directors meeting held on September 26<sup>th</sup>, 2006. The payment date (warrant distribution date) was October 17<sup>th</sup>, 2006.

Principal data on the issuance are as follows.

Total issue amount
Issue value of bond
Issue price of bond
Coupon rate of bond
Maturity date of bond
Issue value of attached warrants
Total amount due upon exercise of attached warrants

8. Conversion price9. Number of attached warrants issued10. Exercise period of attached warrants

11. Payment date (warrant distribution date)

12. Application of funds

200.0 billion yen

100 yen for each 100 yen of face value 102.5 yen for each 100 yen of face value

0%

September 30, 2013

0 ven

The same amount as issue value of bond

2,531 yen per share

200,000

November 1, 2006 to September 27, 2013

October 17, 2006

Funds for plant and equipment